the three prairie provinces. No flights were recorded during the year 1922 in Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia or New Brunswick. Statistics of operations of the Canadian Air Force are not available. Expenditure by the Dominion government on aviation for the fiscal year 1922-23 was set by the estimates at \$1,000,000. This includes amounts apportioned to the three branches set out above. Additional sums totalling \$64,467 were voted by the provincial governments of Ontario, Quebec and British Columbia, to defray expenses of air operations undertaken.

37.—Summary Statistics of Civil Aviat	n in Canada, (calendar years 192	1 and 1922.
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	1921.			1922.		
Items.	Commer- cial.	Civil govern- ment.	Total.	Commer- cial.	Civil govern- ment.	Total.
Firms selling aircraft. Firms operating aircraft. Licensed airplanes. Licensed seaplanes. Total licensed aircraft. Machine flights. Total machine mileage. Number of passengers carried. Total number of persons carried. Freight or express carried (lbs.) Mail carried (lbs.) Total licensed air harbours. Total licensed mechanics employed	29 58 15 73 10,386 294,449 9,153 19,539 79,850 - 35 223	- 11 25 36 1,209 185,480 1,329 3,474 Not available. 6 64 46	1 29 69 40 109 11.595 479,929 10,482 23,013 79,850 - 41 287 72	$\begin{array}{c} 1\\ 24\\ 46\\ 13\\ 60^{1}\\ 4,415\\ 185,211\\ 4,282\\ 8,697\\ 14,681\\ 62,025\\ 30\\ 164\\ 20\end{array}$	- 6 23 29 1,437 181,509 856 3,465 Not available. 6 46 66	1 24 52 36 89 ¹ 5,852 366,720 5,138 12,162 14,681 62,025 36 210 86

¹ Includes one amphibian type in commercial use.

The figures shown in the table above indicate decreases in the number of machine flights, passengers carried and other aspects of the general use of air-craft in the Dominion. While decreases are undoubtedly to be recognized, at the same time the point may be made that the amount of useful work carried on by means of aviation has increased substantially. In illustration of this fact, the increase in hours flown on work of a useful nature amounted to 1,781 in 1922 over that of the previous year, despite the decrease in total hours flown of 1,806. The typical post-war air operations of "joy-riding" and exhibition flying are becoming less common, giving way to those of a permanent and productive nature.

A table of civil aviation accidents in 1921 and 1922 follows:

38.—Civil Aviation Accidents in (Canada fo	r the calendar	years 1921 and 1922.
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	1921.			1922.		
Items.	Commer- cial.	Civil govern- ment.	Total.	Commer- cial.	Civil govern- ment.	Total.
Accidents— Resulting in death to occupants Resulting in injury Not involving injury Total accidente. Fatalities— Pilots killed Crew killed Passengers killed Total personnel killed	10 15 1 - 3	1 1 3 1 - 1	4 3 11 18 2 - 3 5	- 3 4 7 - 1 1	$\frac{2}{1}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{2}{1}$ $\frac{3}{3}$	2 3 5 10 2 - 2 4
Injuries— Pilots injured Crew injured Passengers injured Total perconnel injured	- 3	$\frac{1}{2}$	4 1 3 8	3 6 9	1 - 1	3 1 6 10